### Attijariwafa bank

Attijariwafa bank Attijariwafa bank presentation

June 2021

**Financial Communication** 

2021



Croire en vous





## **Overview of macroeconomic environment in AWB's countries of presence**

Liquidity, Capital Adequacy Ratio and Financial Performance

Attijariwafa bank share price performance

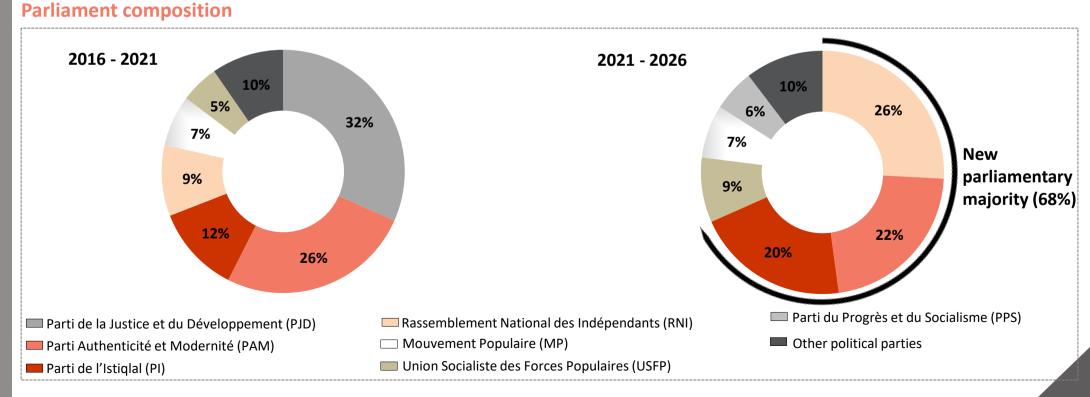
Back up

Continued support of customers and communities through Covid-19 crisis

### Political context: a new government in Morocco after September 2021 elections

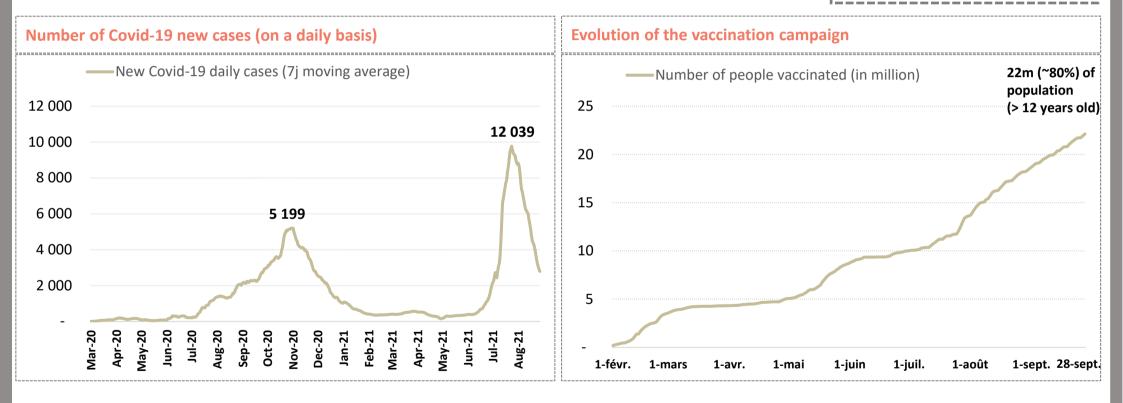
### Context

- July 2011: New constitution approved by referendum
- November 2011: First legislative elections post new constitution leading to a new government with a Chief of Government from the "Justice and Development" party
- October 2016: 2<sup>nd</sup> legislative elections won by the "Justice and Development" party
- September 2021: 3<sup>rd</sup> legislative elections won by the "Rassemblement National des Indépendants" party



### Positive trend of Covid-19 new cases and vaccination pace

22m (~80%) of population (> 12 years old)



### Macroeconomic environment in Morocco Outlook and main indicators

				·	
Main indicators	Average 2016- 2018	2019	2020	2021 <sup>F</sup>	2022 <sup>⊧</sup>
GDP growth (%)	2.7%	2.6%	-6.3%	5.3%	3.3%
Non agricultural GDP (%)	3.0%	3.3%	-5.8%	3.6%	3.8%
Agricultural GDP (%)	1.1%	-4.3%	-8.6%	17.6%	-2.0%
Domestic consumption	3.5%	3.3%	-2.5%	3.7%	2.9%
Export G&S (%)	6.6%	4.2%	-15.9%	<b>14.5%*</b> 13.3%** (7M)	5.6%*
Import G&S (%)	8.4%	1.2%	-16.5%	<b>16.6%*</b> 19.3%** (7M)	3.0%*
Current account deficit (%GDP)	-4.3%	-4.1%	-1.5%	-3.8%	-2.6%
Foreign currency reserves (months of imports)	6.0	5.0	7.3	6.9	6.3
Budget deficit (%GDP)	-3.9%	-4.1%	-7.6%	-7.1%	-6.6%
Treasury debt (%GDP)	65.1%	65.0%	76.4%	77.3%	79.0%
			·i	· ·	

Internal AWB's forecast; BAM

(\*) Imports and exports of goods; (\*\*) 7M 2021 compared to 7M 2020

\*

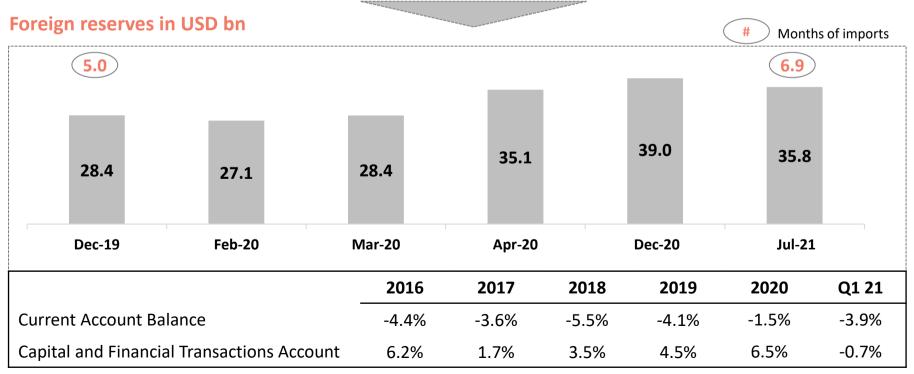
### Macroeconomic environment in Morocco Outlook and main indicators per sector

\*

Economic sector		July 2020 (7M) Change vs. 7M 2019	July 2021 (7M) Change vs. 7M 2020	
Do Do	Agricultural sector Agricultural GDP Cereal production	-8.6% -39%	+17.6% +221%	
OCP	Phosphates & Derivatives Exports	▼ -4.2% 29 MAD bn	+30.3% 38 MAD bn	
	<b>Construction industry</b> Cements sales Mortgage loans (housing)	-18.9% +1.2%	+17.7%+4.5%	
20:	Energy Electrical energy production	-6.6%	<b>4</b> +6.9%	
	Industry Production capacity utilization rate	<b>V61.9%</b> (-13 pts)	<b>72.3%</b> (+10 pts)	
A	<b>Telecom industry</b> Mobile Internet	+0.7%+15.4%	+8.2% +15.1%	
5	Transportation sector Airline passengers	<b>5m (-50%)</b> in H1 20	<b>4,0 m</b> (x8) between June 15 <sup>th</sup> and August 31 <sup>st</sup>	

### Strong recovery of world demand to Morocco

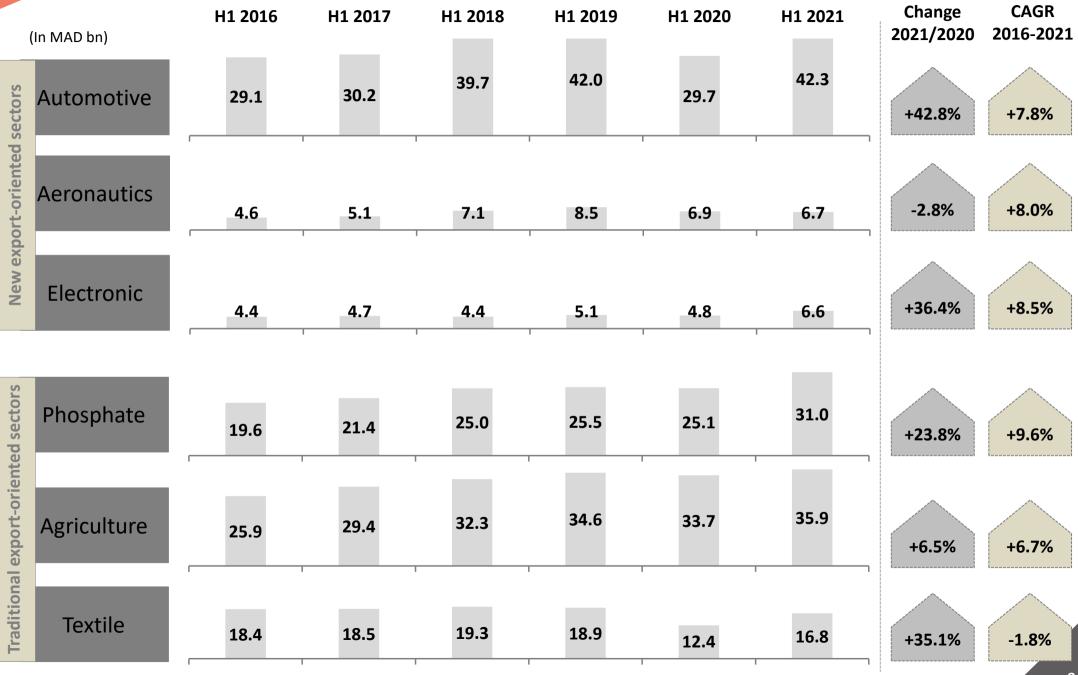
	2019	2020	Change (%) 20/19	July 19	July 20	July 21	Change (%) 21/20	
Imports	527.5	440.5	-16.5%	308.8	251.9	300.4	+19.3%	
Imports excl. Energy	451.2	390.7	-13.4%	263.6	221.2	261.8	+18.4%	YoY on a
Exports	423.4	356.1	-15.9%	245.9	197.5	223.8	+13.3%	monthly
Exports excl. phosphates Exports of goods	374.5 237.1	305.3 225.8	-18.5% -4.8%	215.8 141.2	168.7 120.4	186.2 151.4	+10.4% 25.7%	basis +144% (opening of borders on
Tourism	78.8	36.4	-53.8%	41.5	22.8	13.0	-42.8%	June 15 <sup>th</sup> )
Remittances from MLA	64.8	68.0	+5.0%	37.3	37.1	54.0	+45.6%	
FDI*	33.9	26.4	-22.3%	20.4	15.7	17.3	+10.5%	



(\*) Foreign Direct Investments

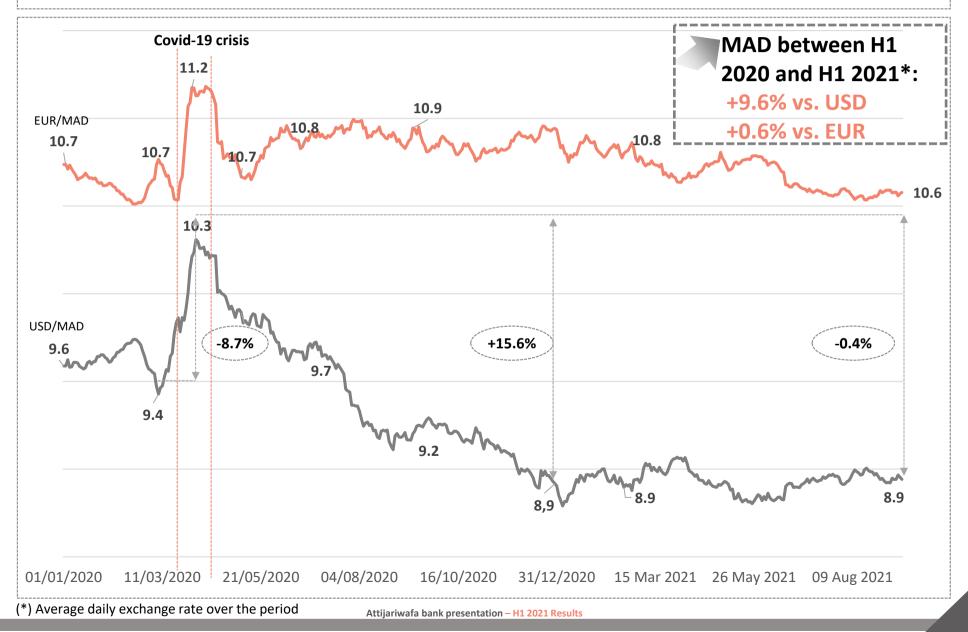
Attijariwafa bank presentation – H1 2021 Results

### **Exports: Word businesses of Morocco**



### Exchange rates trend in 2020 and 2021

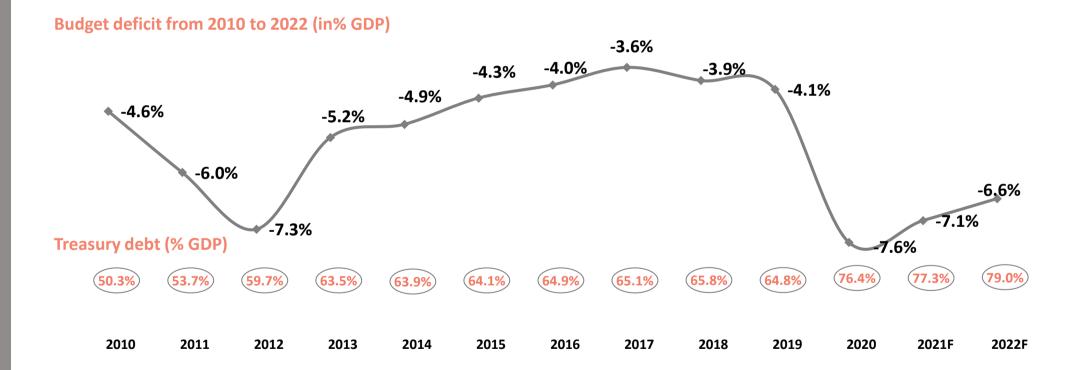
- January 2018 : Implementation of a flexible exchange rate regime with an adjustable horizontal band (+/- 2.5%) within which MAD can fluctuate freely based on the interbank market supply and demand law
- March 2020: Widening the fluctuation band of the dirham from +/- 2.5% to +/- 5.0% compared to a Central rate set by BAM

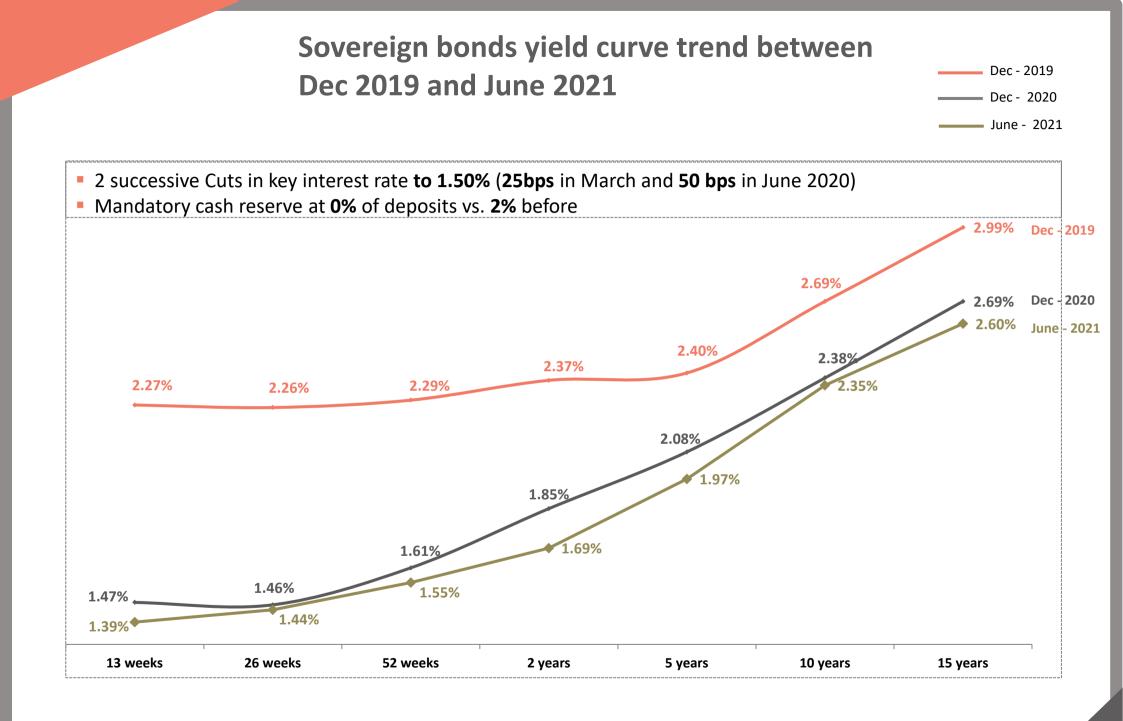


9

**Budget deficit of 7% stimulating the economic recovery** 

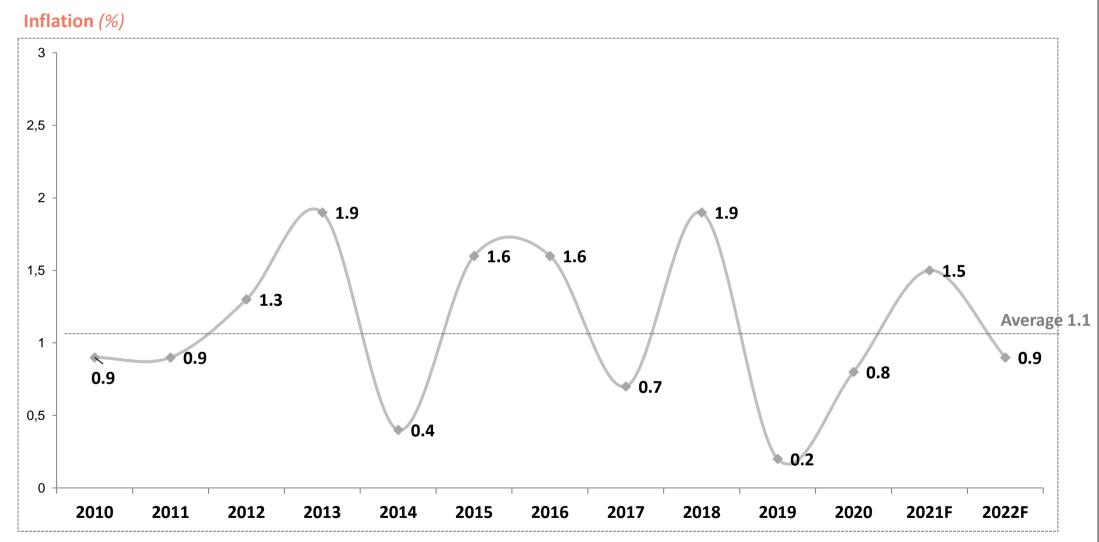






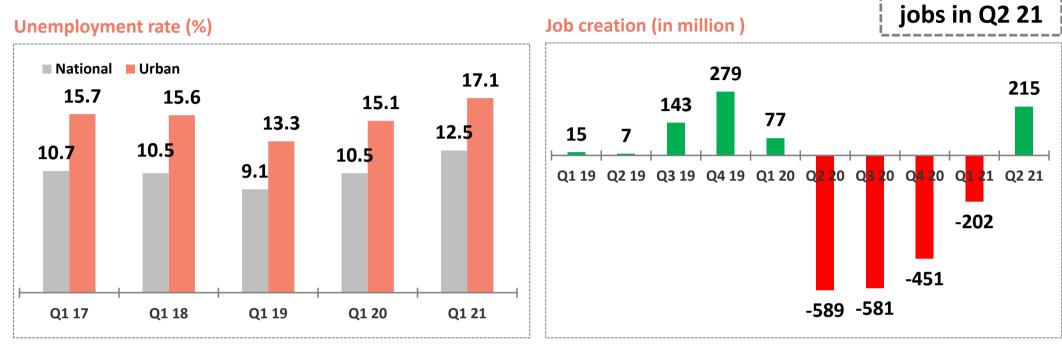
### Macroeconomic environment in Morocco Outlook and main indicators

\*

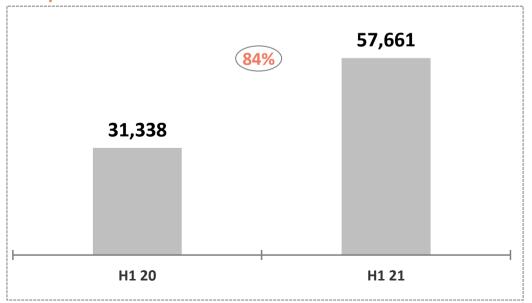


Source: MEF/HCP

### Macroeconomic environment in Morocco Outlook and main indicators



### **Companies' creation**



Attijariwafa bank presentation – H1 2021 Results

215 000 new

Macroeconomic environment in AWB's main countries of presence – Focus on economic growth

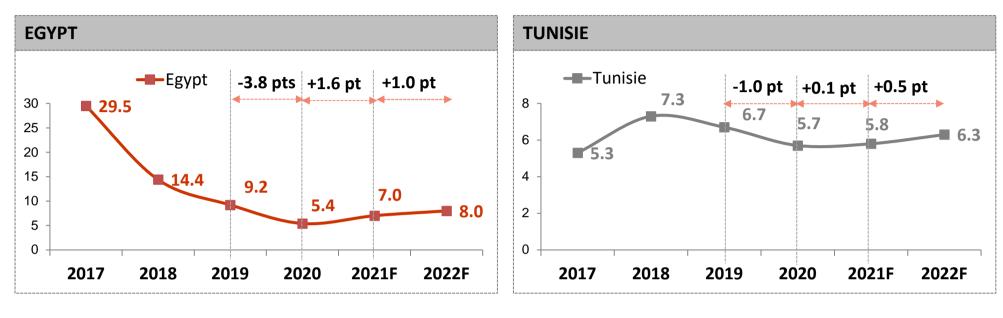
2019	2020	2021 <sup>F</sup>	2022 <sup>F</sup>
5.6%	3.6%	2.5%	5.7%
1.0%	-8.8%	3.8%	2.4%
6.2%	2.3%	6.0%	6.5%
4.4%	0.8%	5.2%	6.0%
3.9%	-2.8%	3.4%	4.3%
	5.6% 1.0% 6.2% 4.4%	5.6%       3.6%         1.0%       -8.8%         6.2%       2.3%         4.4%       0.8%	5.6%       3.6%       2.5%         1.0%       -8.8%       3.8%         6.2%       2.3%       6.0%         4.4%       0.8%       5.2%

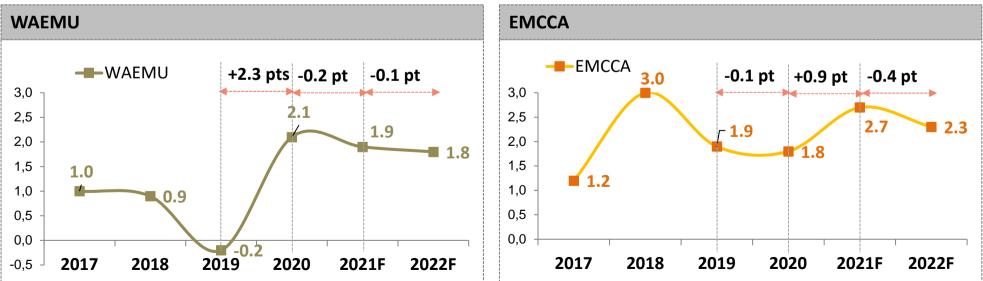
IMF, BAD, BEAC, Internal AWB's forecast

## Monetary policy in AWB's main regions of presence

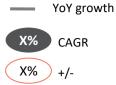
Main countries of presence	Monetary policy after the crisis
Morocco	<ul> <li>2 successive cuts in key interest rate to 1.50% (25bps in March and 50 bps in June 2020)</li> </ul>
© Tunisia	<ul> <li>150 bps cut of key interest rate to 6.25% (100 bps in March and 50 bps in October 2020)</li> </ul>
Egypt	<ul> <li>400 bps cut of key interest rate to 8.75% in 2020 (300 bps in March 2020 and 50 bps in September 2020 and 50 bps in November 2020) after 450 bps decrease in 2019 (100 bps in February 2019 and 150 bps in August 2019, 100 bps in September 2019 and 100 bps in November 2019) and 200 bps decrease in 2018 (100 bps in February 2018 and 100 bps in April 2018)</li> </ul>
WAEMU <sup>(1)</sup>	50 bps cut in the main key interest rates to 2.00%
EMCCA <sup>(2)</sup>	25 pbs cut of interest rate for to 3.25%
<ol> <li>WAEMU: Senegal, Burkina Faso, Mali, Ivory-Coast, Ben</li> <li>EMCCA: Cameroon, Congo, Gabon, Equatorial Guinea,</li> </ol>	

### Inflation rate in AWB's main regions of presence





Moroccan banking sector **YoY growth** 



+5%

2.7%

Dec-19

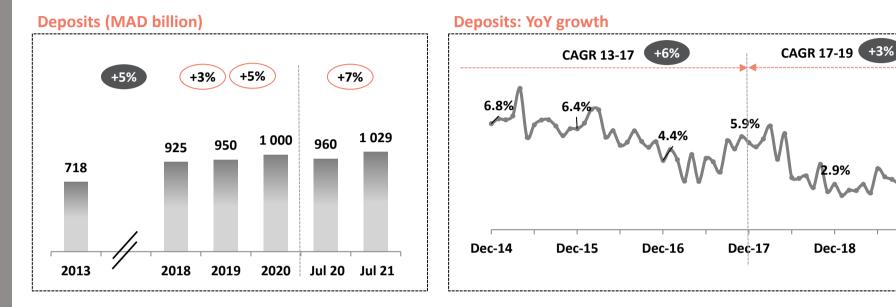
.9%

Dec-18

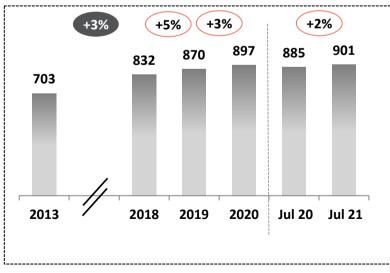
7.2%

5.39

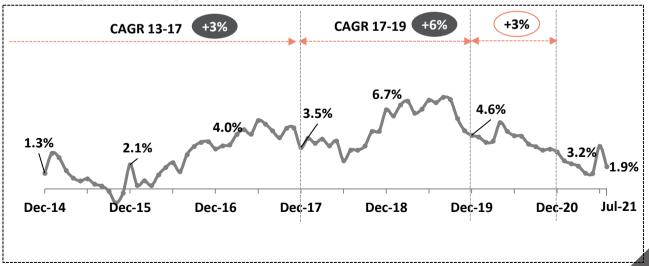
Dec-20 Jul-21



#### Loans (MAD billion)

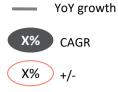


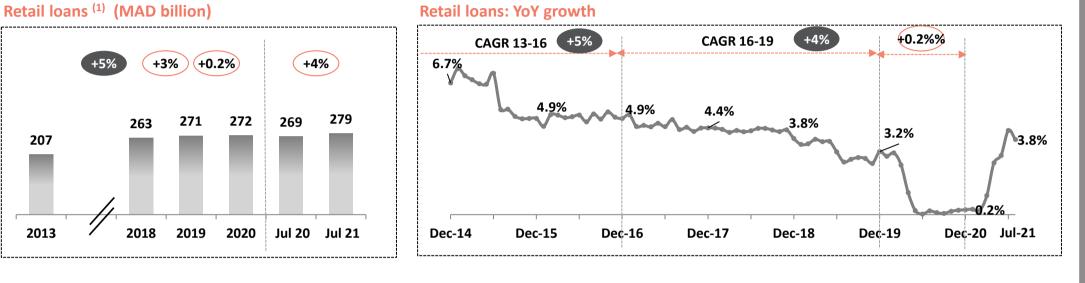
### **Performing loans : YoY growth**



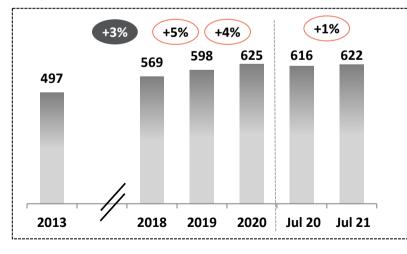
Source : GPBM (the Moroccan banking association)

## Moroccan banking sector YoY growth

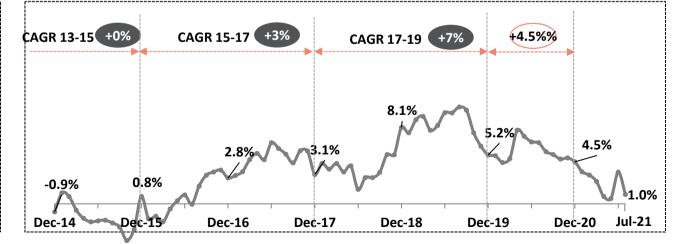




### Corporate loans<sup>(2)</sup> (MAD billion)



#### **Corporate loans : YoY growth**



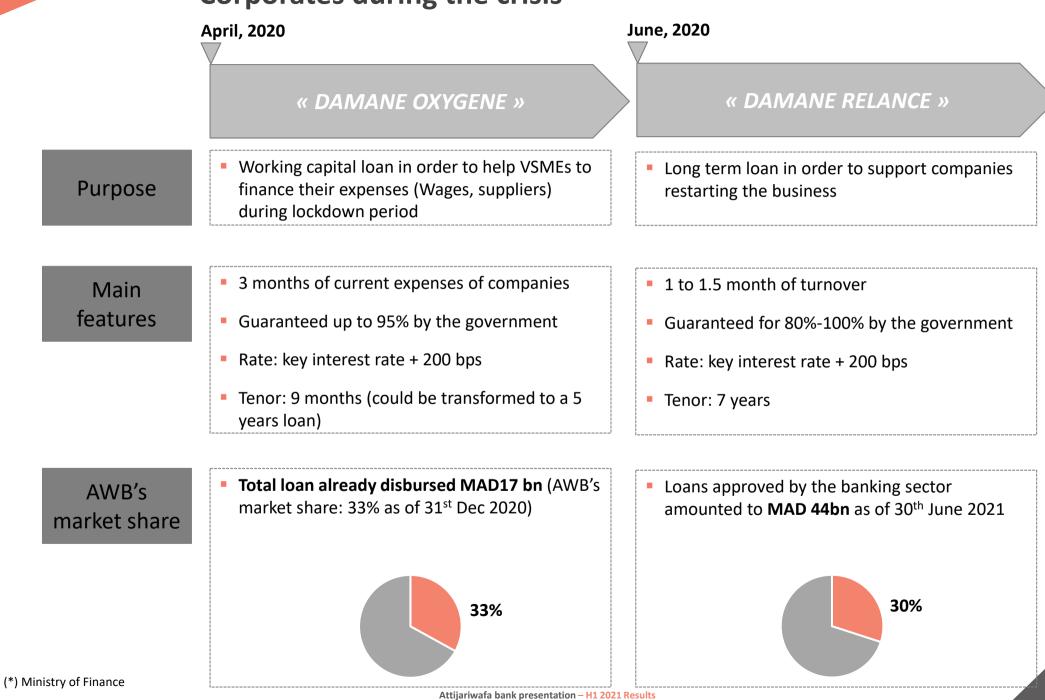
(1) Mortgage loans+ consumer loans

(2) Loans to financial institutions + equipment and investment loans + property development loans + short-term and treasury loans + other loans

Source : GPBM (the Moroccan banking association)

18

## Focus on government backed loans to support VSMEs and Corporates during the crisis





# Overview of macroeconomic environment in AWB's countries of presence



## Liquidity, Capital Adequacy Ratio and Financial Performance

Attijariwafa bank share price performance

Back up

Continued support of customers and communities through Covid-19 crisis

## H1 2021 consolidated P&L

(in MAD million)	H1 2020	H1 2021	Growth Rate	Growth Rate at a constant exchange rate
Net banking income	12,383	12,469	0.7%	1.7%
Net interest income	7,876	8,019	1.8%	2.9%
Net fee income	2,227	2,546	14.3%	15.4%
Income from market activities	1,833	2,017	10.0%	10.6%
Others	448	-113	NA	NA
General operating expenses	6,669	5,570	-16.5%	-15.6%
General operating expenses*	5,522	5,570	0.9%	2.0%
Gross operating income	5,714	6,899	20.8%	21.8%
Gross operating income*	6,861	6,899	0.6%	1.4%
Cost of risk	3,021	1,904	-37.0%	-36.4%
Net income group share	1,248	2,613	109.3%	110.6%
Net income group share*	1,924	2,613	35.8%	36.8%

\* excluding the contribution to COVID-19 special fund in 2020

## H1 2021 key financial indicators

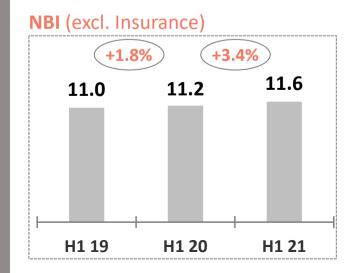
	H1 2019	H1 2020	H1 2021
Net interest margin* (bps)	457	477	469
Cost income ratio	46.8%	53.9% 44.6%**	44.7%
NPL ratio	6.8%	7.5%	7.4%
Cost of risk	0.54%	1.70%	1.03%
RoA	1.32%	0.57% 0.83%**	1.10%
RoE	14.6%	6.0% 8.8%**	12.1%
Leverage	10.3x	10.2x	10.4x

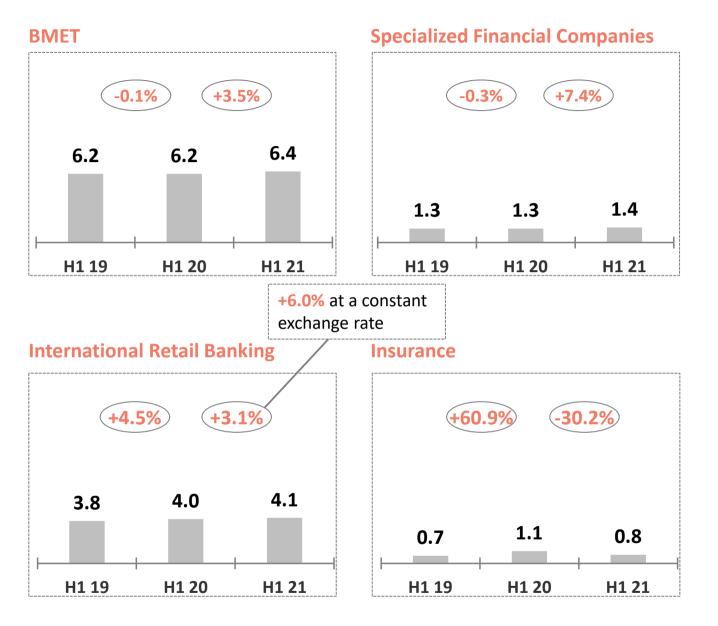
(\*) Net interest income / Customer loans

(\*\*) Excl. the contribution to COVID-19 special fund in 2020

### **NBI by business line**

MAD billion+1.7% at a<br/>constant<br/>exchange rateNBI(+5.1%)<br/>12.4(+5.1%)<br/>12.412.412.5<br/>11.811.8<br/>12.412.4<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.412.4<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.411.8<br/>12.411.8<br/>12.411.8<br/>12.411.8<br/>12.412.4<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.411.8<br/>12.411.8<br/>12.411.8<br/>12.411.8<br/>12.411.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.411.8<br/>12.411.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.411.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.511.8<br/>12.5<





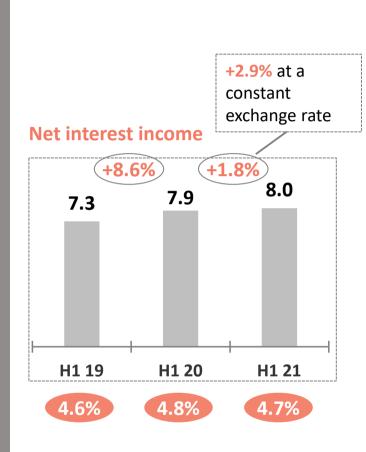
X%

+/-

### **Net Interest Income by business line**

**BMET** 

MAD billion





X% Net interest income / Loans

Specialized Financial Companies

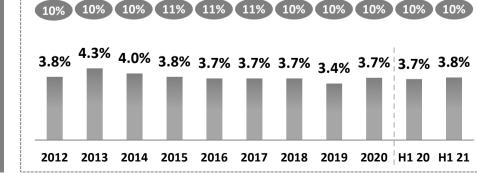
24

+/-

X%

Net interest margin by business line between 2012 and H1 2021

70% 66% 66% 65% 67% 67% 66% 72% 71% Contribution to net customer loans (end of period) 3.6% 3.7% 3.7% 4.0% 3.8% 3.8% 3.6% 3.7% 3.7% 3.8% 3.7% BMET 2020 H1 20 H1 21 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Net interest margin/ customer loans (end of period) 22% 22% 24% 22% 23% 19% 18% 5.9% 6.0% 6.3% 5.8% 5.7% 6.2% 7.3% 7.0% 7.2% 7.3% 7.4% 4.1% 4.2% 4.3% 4.5% 4.3% 4.5% 4.6% 4.6% 4.7% 4.8% 4.7% RB 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 H1 20 H1 21 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 H1 20 H1 21

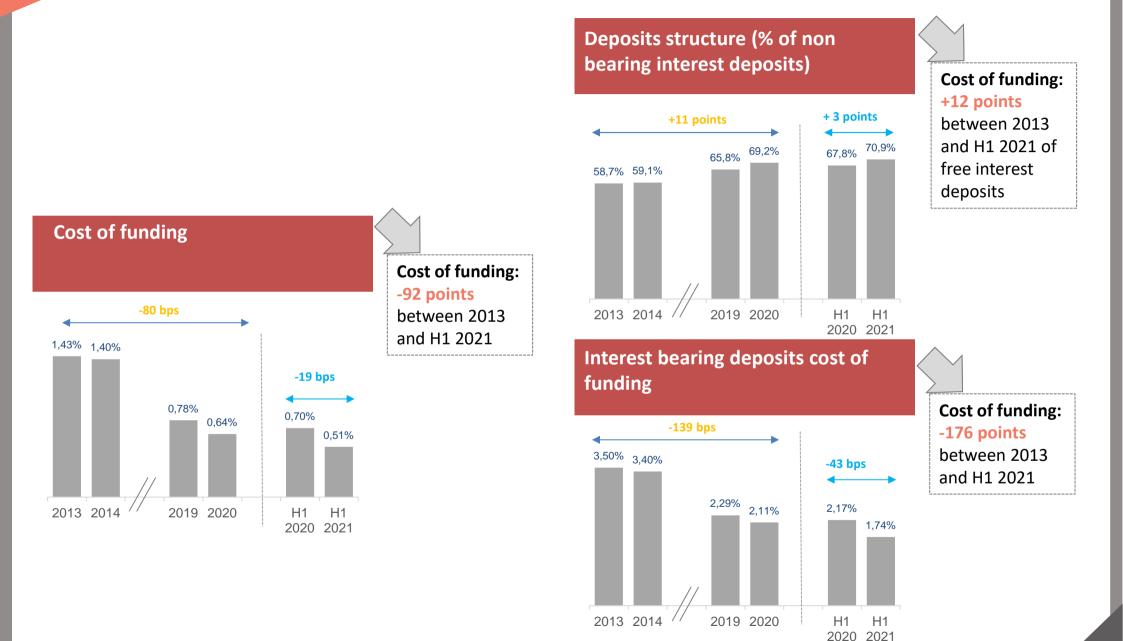


Note: BMET: Banking in Morocco, Europe and Offshore ; IRB: International Retail Banking SFC: Specialized Financial Subsidiaries

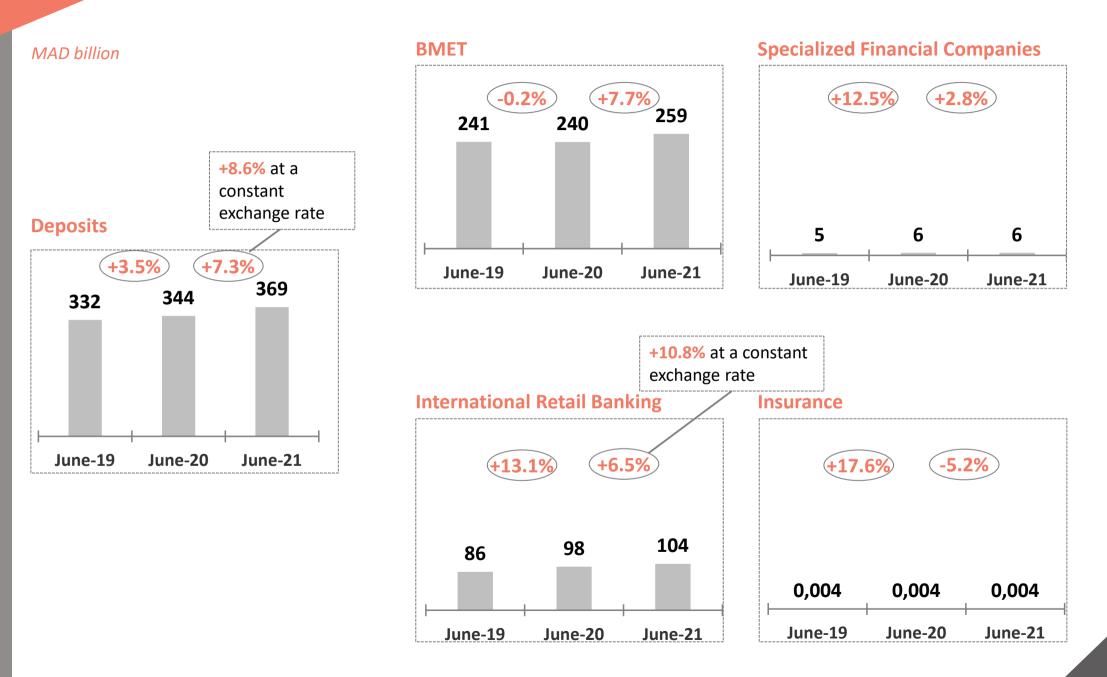
SFS

66% 67%

### **Cost of funding evolution – Focus on Morocco**



### **Deposits by business line**



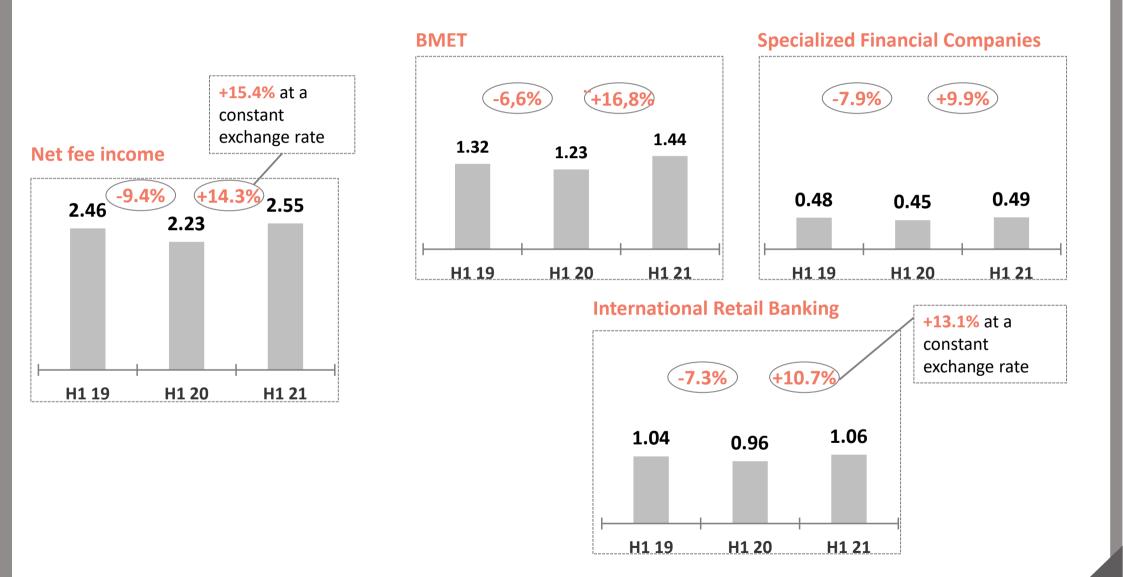
27

+/-

X%

### Fees by business line

MAD billion



28

+/-

X%

## Fee income: main drivers – The bank in Morocco Acquisition and equipment of retail customers

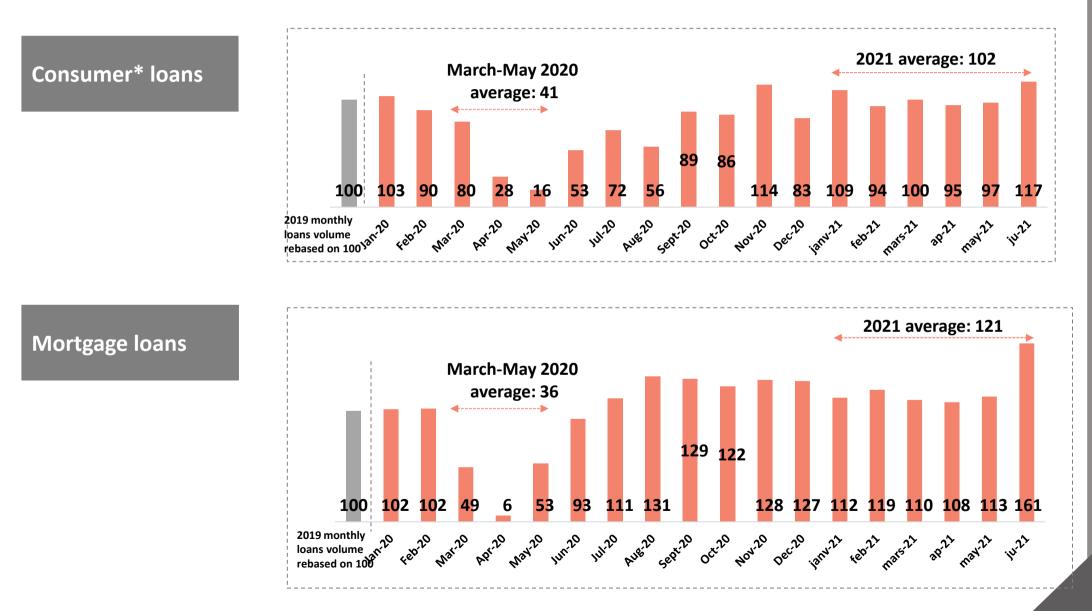
2021 average: 98 March-May 2020 average: 71 **10**1 **12**6 100 Feb-20 May 20 111.20 Jun-20 Mar.20 APt-20 2019 monthly Jan.21 Febr21 juin-21 AUG 20 SEPTO OCCID NOUTO DECTO customer acquisition rebased on 100 March-May 2020 2021 average: 101 average: 51 89 70 100111 105 67 47 80 60 89 102 86 103 2019 monthly o May 20 Feb-20 AUE 20 Mar.20 APr.20 Jun-20 141-20 maill juin-21 septo other would been to Jan 21 Feb 21 mars. customer rebased on 100 2021 average: 135 March-May 2020 average: 79 **118 12**5 **10**6 **11**2 **131 135 136 120 136 13**4 105 **10**9 100 62 **69** 106 110 107 2019 monthly volumes rebased May 20 Jun:20 teb-20 AP1-20 Mar.20 11120 AUS20 58920 OCT20 NOV20 DEC20 121221 KENT22 Mars22 juin-21 avr.21 mair21 on 100

## Customer acquisition

### Customer\* equipment



Fee income: main drivers – The bank in Morocco Loans distribution



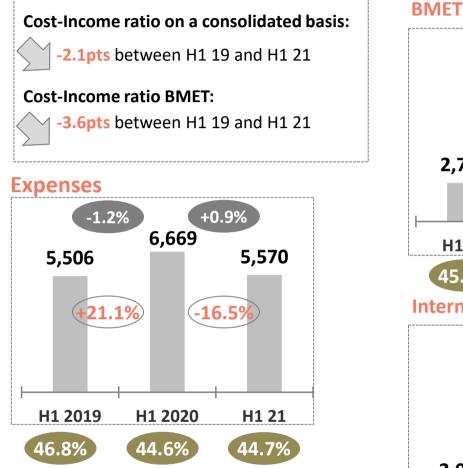
# A rigorous cost control based on an ambitious saving plan....

### X% +/-



**Specialized Financial Companies** 

+/- excluding the contribution to COVID-19 special fund in 2020



MAD million

X%



Cost-Income ratio excluding the contribution

### ...and leveraging on digital transformation

~43% of active digital customers

More than **18 millions** connections per month in H1-2021 (+69%)

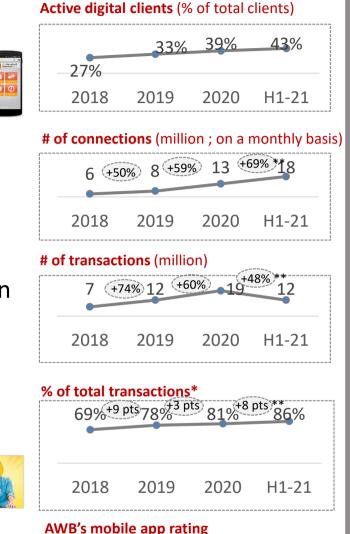
**86% of all transactions\*** processed through digital platforms in 2020

**99 K cutomers** acquired by « L'BANKALIK », AWB's full digital Banking platform

Attijari mobile has the **highest rating for banking app in Morocco** (between **4.5 and 4.6** according to Android and Apple stores, vs. a sector average of 3.8)

**98%** customer satisfaction rate for the AWB digital experience

(\*) All available operations on the various digital channels (e.g., transfers , provisions, bill payments) "virements unitaires" (\*\*) Y to Y <u>Attijariwafa bank presentation – H1 2021 Results</u>



## **4.6** 3.8 AWB rating Sector average

### Growth of customer loans and NPL ratio by business line

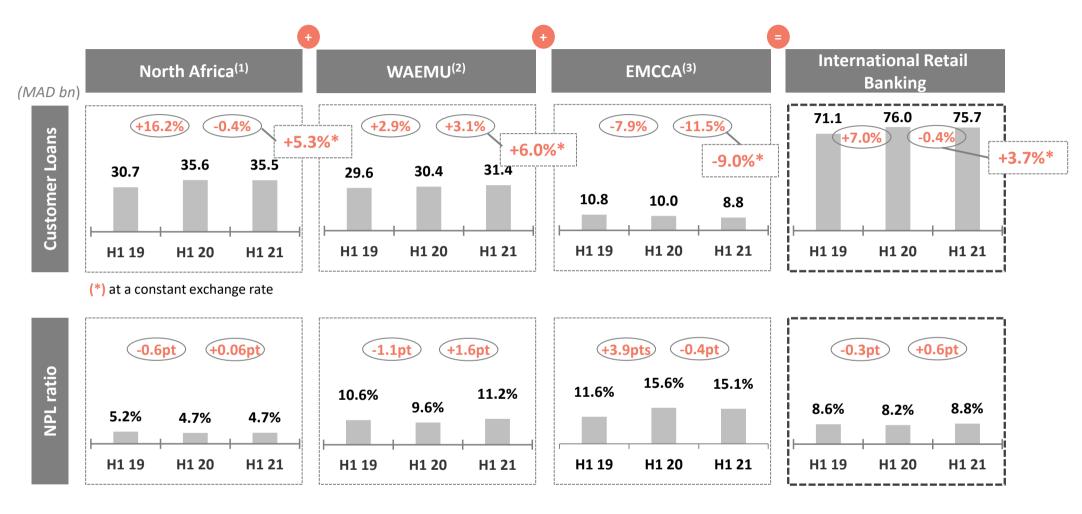
Xx% Contribution to net customer loans (end of period)

X%

+/-



### **Growth of customer loans and NPL ratio by business line: Focus on IRB\***



(1) North Africa: Tunisia, Mauritania and Egypt

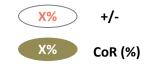
(2) WAEMU: Senegal, Mali, Ivory Coast and Togo

(3) EMCCA: Cameroon, Congo and Gabon

X%

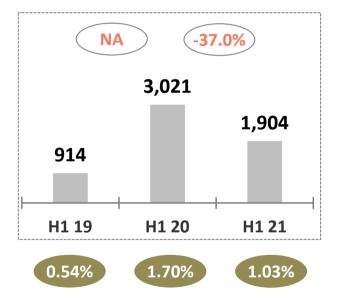
+/-

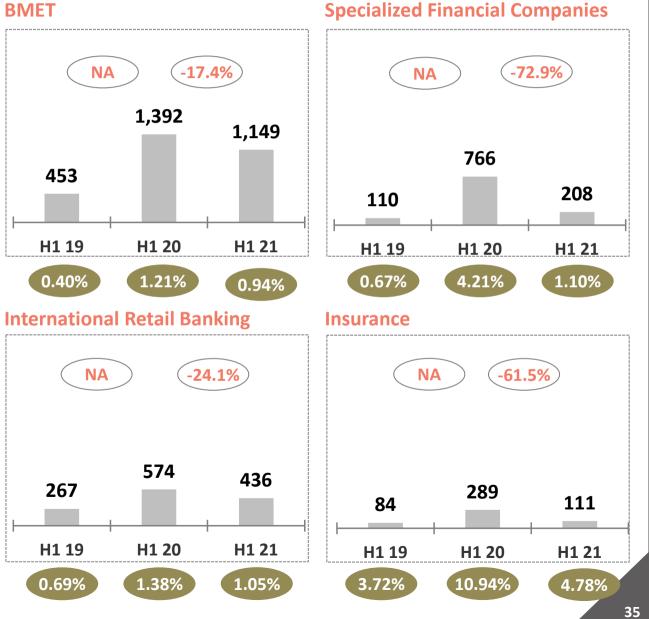
### **Evolution of Cost of Risk by business line**



MAD million

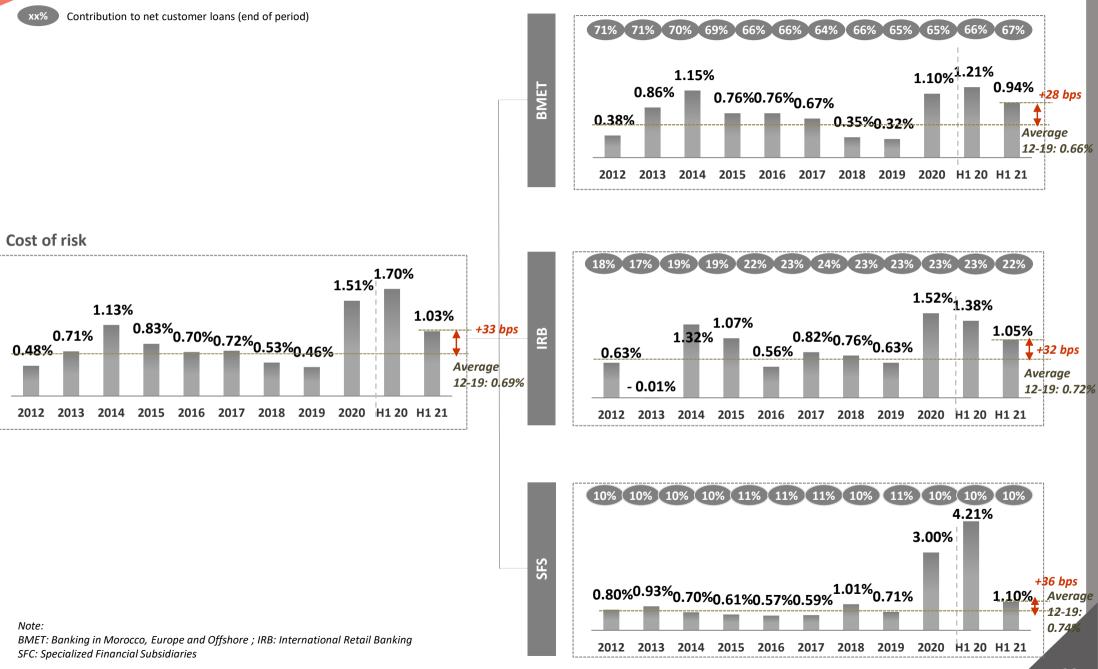
**Cost of Risk** 



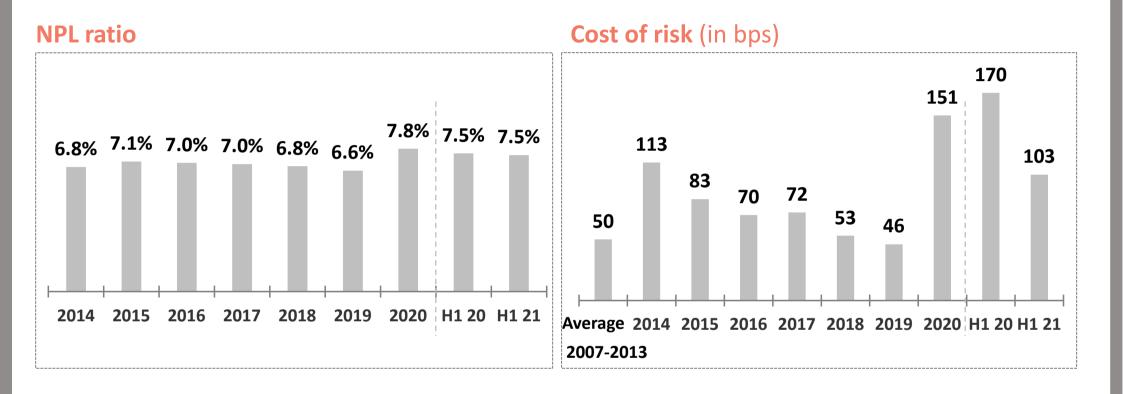


Attijariwafa bank presentation - H1 2021 Results

Cost of risk by business line between 2012 and H1 2021



IFRS consolidated financial statements NPLs and cost of risk



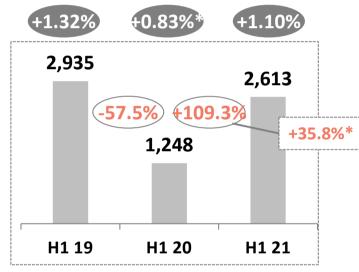
## **NIGS by business line**

+/-

X%

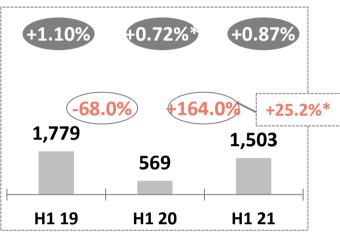


#### Net income group share

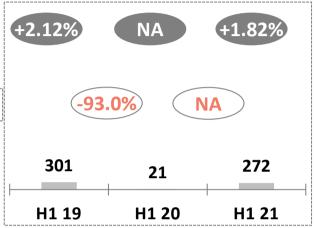


(\*) excluding the contribution to COVID-19 special fund in 2020

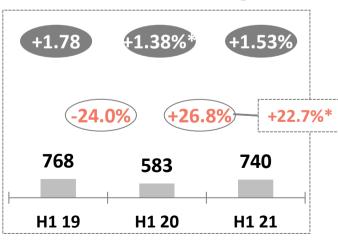
#### **BMET**



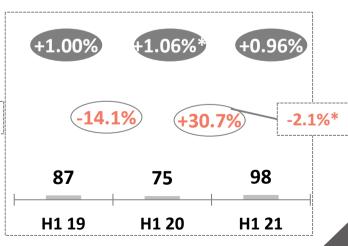
#### **Specialized Financial Companies**



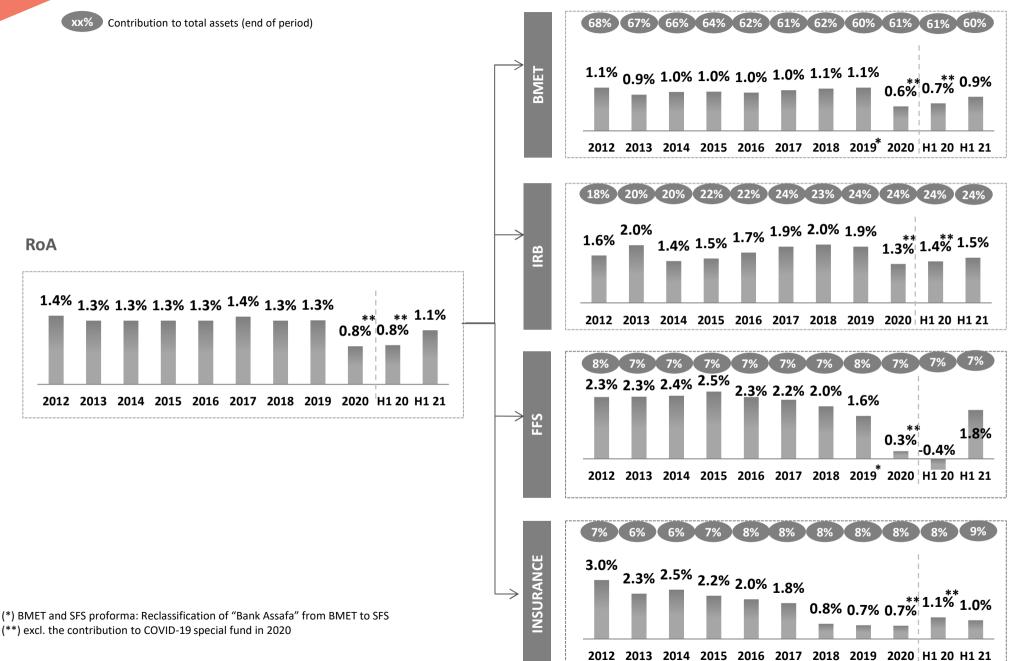
#### **International Retail Banking**



#### Insurance



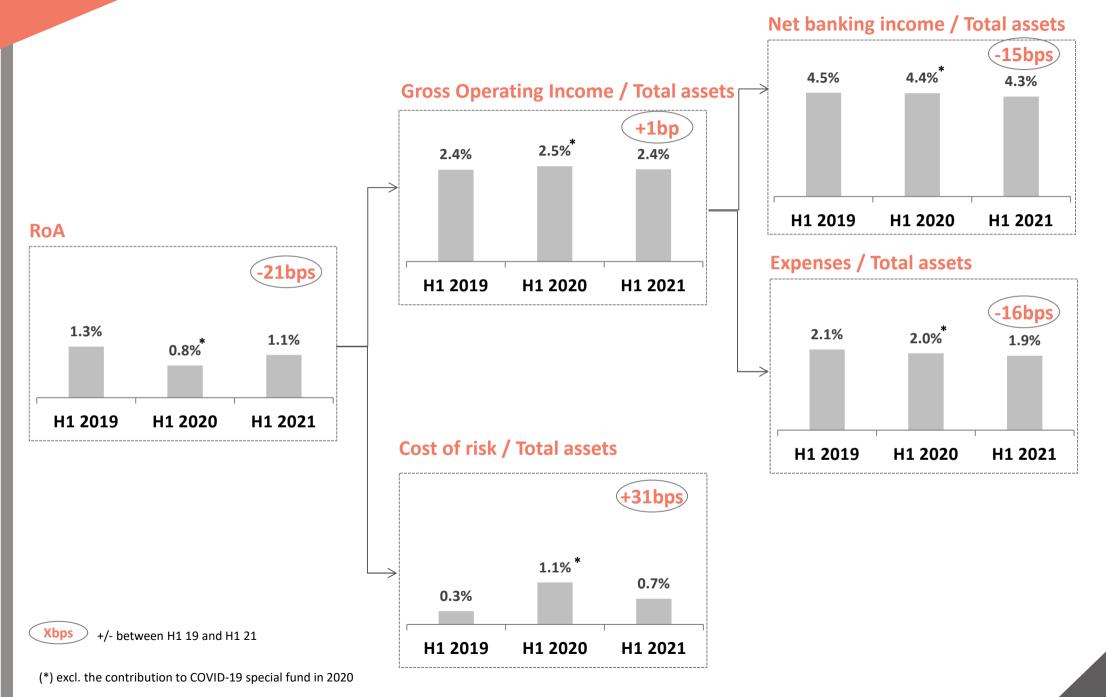
RoA by business line between 2012 and H1 2021



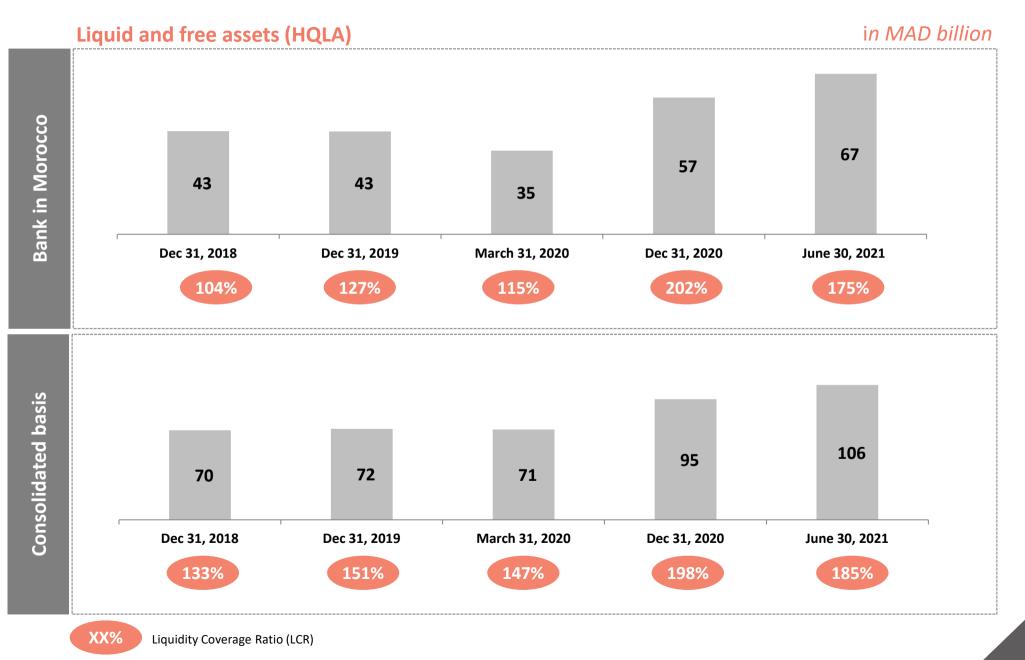
Note:

BMET: Banking in Morocco, Europe and Offshore ; IRB: International Retail Banking SFC: Specialized Financial Subsidiaries

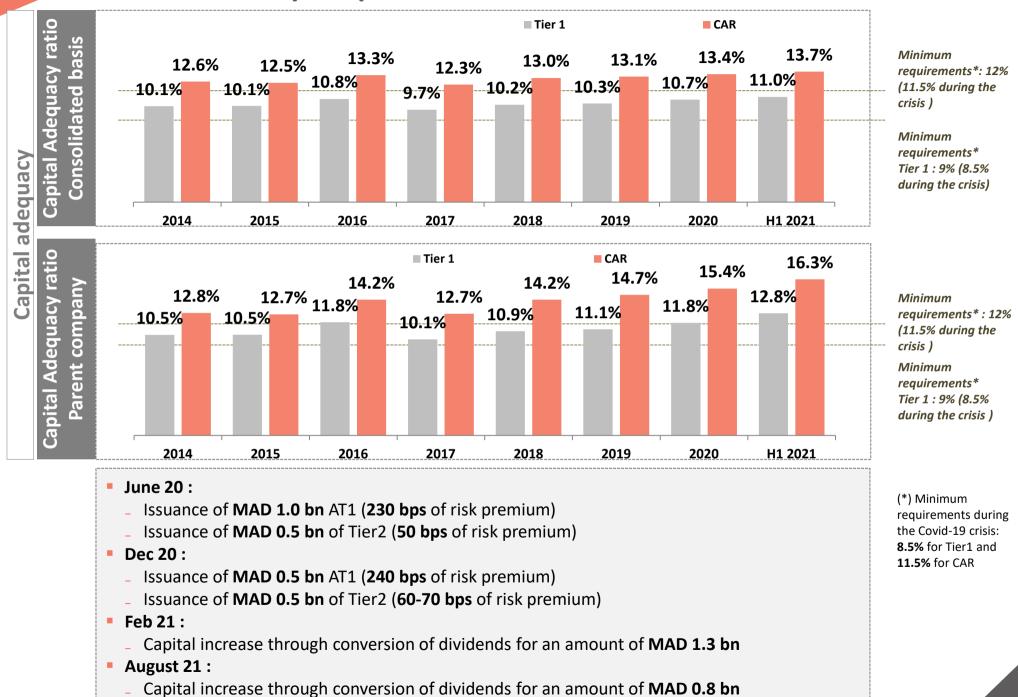
#### RoA below normative level due to a still non-normative CoR



## Solid liquidity position



**Solid capital position** 





Overview of macroeconomic environment in AWB's countries of presence

Liquidity, Capital Adequacy Ratio and Financial Performance

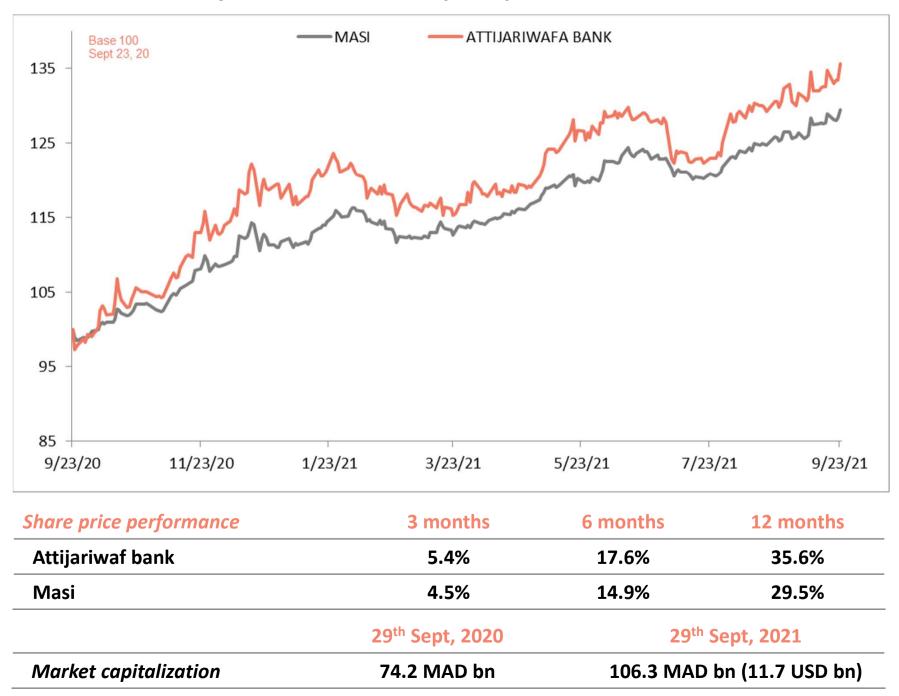


## Attijariwafa bank share price performance

Back up

Continued support of customers and communities through Covid-19 crisis

#### Attijariwafa bank share price performance



# A solid, resilient and diversified business model (1/2)

#### **Main indicators**

Satisfactory growth of the top line	Net banking income	<b>+3%*</b> per year between H1 19 and H1 21
and resilient margins	NIM (%)**	+12 bps between H1 19 and H1 21
	Fees (%)	+15% between H1 19 and H1 21
Strong operating performance &	Cost-income ratio Group	-2.1 pts between H1 19 and H1 21
improvement of cost efficiency	Cost-income ratio BMET	-3 6 nts hotman 1/1 10 and 1/1 21
		-3.6 pts between H1 19 and H1 21
	Expenses / total assets	-16 bps between H1 19 and H1 21
Profitability path to rationalization		
	Expenses / total assets Gross operating income /	-16 bps between H1 19 and H1 21 (1.9% in H1 21 vs. 2.1% in H1 19) +1 bp between H1 19 and H1 21 (2.4%

(\*) Excl. AWB's contribution to COVID-19 special fund in 2020; (\*\*) Net Interest income / Loans

Attijariwafa bank presentation – H1 2021 Results

# A solid, resilient and diversified business model (2/2)

### Main indicators

Sound liquidity and capital position	

Bank in Morocco	
LCR	175%
CAR	16.3%
Tier1	12.8%
<i>On a consolidated basis</i> LCR	185%
CAR	13.7%
	11.0%

Share price

Share price AWB	+36% yoy
Masi	+29% yoy



Overview of macroeconomic environment in AWB's countries of presence

Liquidity, Capital Adequacy Ratio and Financial Performance

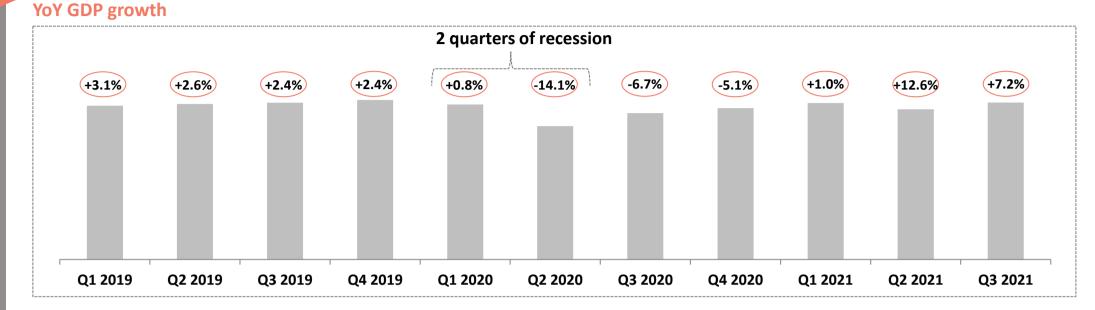
Attijariwafa bank share price performance



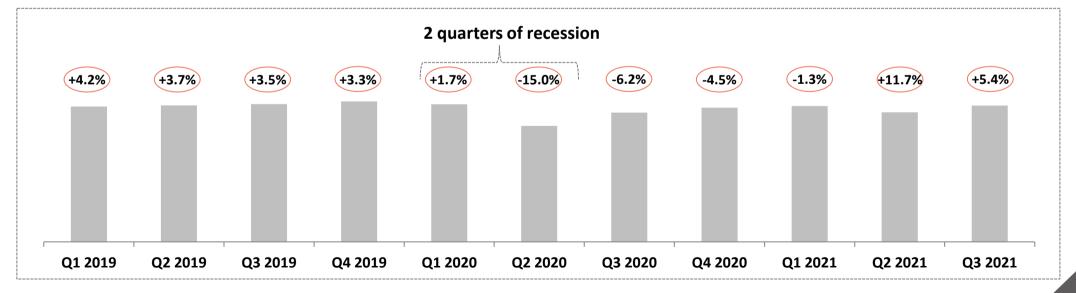
# Back up

Continued support of customers and communities through Covid-19 crisis

## Macroeconomic environment in Morocco Outlook and main indicators



#### YoY Non-agricultural GDP growth



x%

YoY growth

## Sovereign bonds yield curve trend since 2013



## Loans by business line

**Specialized Financial Companies BMET** MAD billion +2.1% +5.7% +8.6% 229 217 212 +4.6% at a constant exchange rate 31 Loans +4.0% +3.6% June-20 June-21 June-19 June-19 342 330 318 3.8% 3.8% 3.6% 3.7% +3.7% at a constant exchange rate **International Retail Banking** Insurance June-20 June-19 June-21 +7.0% -0.4% 4.7% 4.6% 4.8% 76 71

33 34 June-20 June-21 3.7% 3.8% +13.0% -22.9% 76 4 3 4 June-19 June-20 June-21 June-21

7.3%

June-20

7.4%

June-19

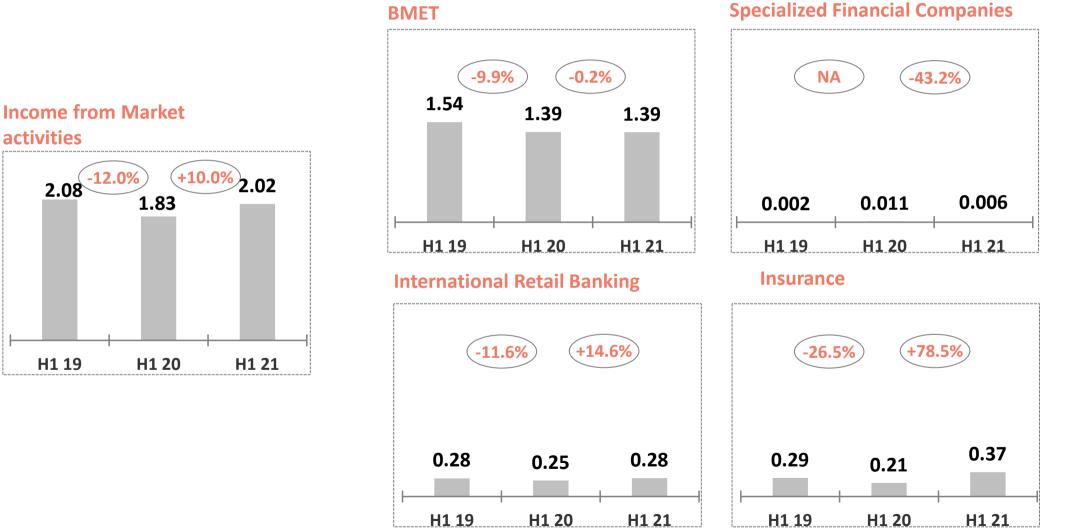
6.9%

X%

+2.1%

## Income from market activities by business line

MAD billion



activities 2.08 -12.0%

H1 19

1.83

H1 20



Χ%

+/-

# **IFRS 9 Provisioning methodology**

	Description	Probability of Default		
Stage 1 – Performing	12 months ECL	A		
.oans	ECL = EAD X PD <sub>1year</sub> X LGD			
		Probability of Default "Poi	nt in Time"	
		+		
Stage 2 – Performing loans but with significant	Lifetime ECL	Forward looking		
redit risk deterioration ince origination	ECL = EAD X PD <sub>Life time</sub> X LGD			
I		Forward looking main assu	imption:	
			2020	2021
	Lifetime ECL	Economic growth	-6.3%	5.3%
tage 3 – NPL (Credit		Budget deficit	-7.6%	-7.1%
impaired)	ECL = EAD X LGD	Current account deficit	-1.5%	-3.8%

Net interest margin by business line between 2012 and H1 2021

Contribution to total assets (end of period) 68% 67% 66% 64% 62% 61% 62% 60% 61% 60% 61% 2.6% 2.5% 2.5% 2.6% 2.6% 2.4% 2.3% 2.4% 2.4% 2.4% BMET 2019<sup>\*</sup> 2020 H1 20 H1 21 2018 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 Net interest margin/ Total assets (end of period) 20% 24% 23% 24% 24% 22% 3.7% 3.6% 3.9% 3.6% 3.6% 3.9% 4.1% 4.1% 4.1% 4.1% 4.0% 2.7% 2.7% 2.7% 2.8% 2.7% 2.7% 2.7% 2.8% 2.8% 2.8% RB 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 H1 20 H1 21 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 H1 20 H1 21 3.5% 3.6% 3.5% 3.3% 3.2% 3.3% 3.0% 3.3% 3.2% 3.3% SFS (\*) BMET and SFS proforma: Reclassification of "Bank Assafa" from BMET to SFS

Note:

BMET: Banking in Morocco, Europe and Offshore ; IRB: International Retail Banking SFC: Specialized Financial Subsidiaries

2012

2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019<sup>\*</sup> 2020 H1 20 H1 21

Net fee income by business line between 2012 and H1 2021

Contribution to net banking income 55% 54% 56% 54% 53% 50% 50% 51% 49% 49%  $18.7\%18.2\%_{16.2\%}^{18.0\%}^{20.3\%21.0\%21.4\%}^{24.0\%22.8\%}_{19.9\%}^{22.4\%}_{19.9\%}^{22.4\%}$ BMET 2017 2018 2019<sup>\*</sup> 2020<sup>-</sup> H1 20 H1 21 2014 2015 2016 2012 2013 Net fee income/ Net banking income 25% 26% 26% 29% 33% 32% 36.8%<sup>36.0%</sup>33.7%32.5%31.8%28.6%28.0%27.3%25.8%24.2%25.9%  $20.9\%20.9\%_{19.9\%}^{21.3\%}^{22.5\%}_{22.1\%}^{22.5\%}_{21.9\%}^{20.0\%}_{20.0\%}_{18.0\%}^{20.4\%}_{20.4\%}$ RB 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 H1 20 H1 21 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 H1 20 H1 21 11% 11% (11%) 31.8%33.8%37.2%38.7%39.3%39.6%38.6%38.1%34.9%35.3%36.2% SFS (\*) BMET and SFS proforma: Reclassification of "Bank Assafa" from BMET to SFS

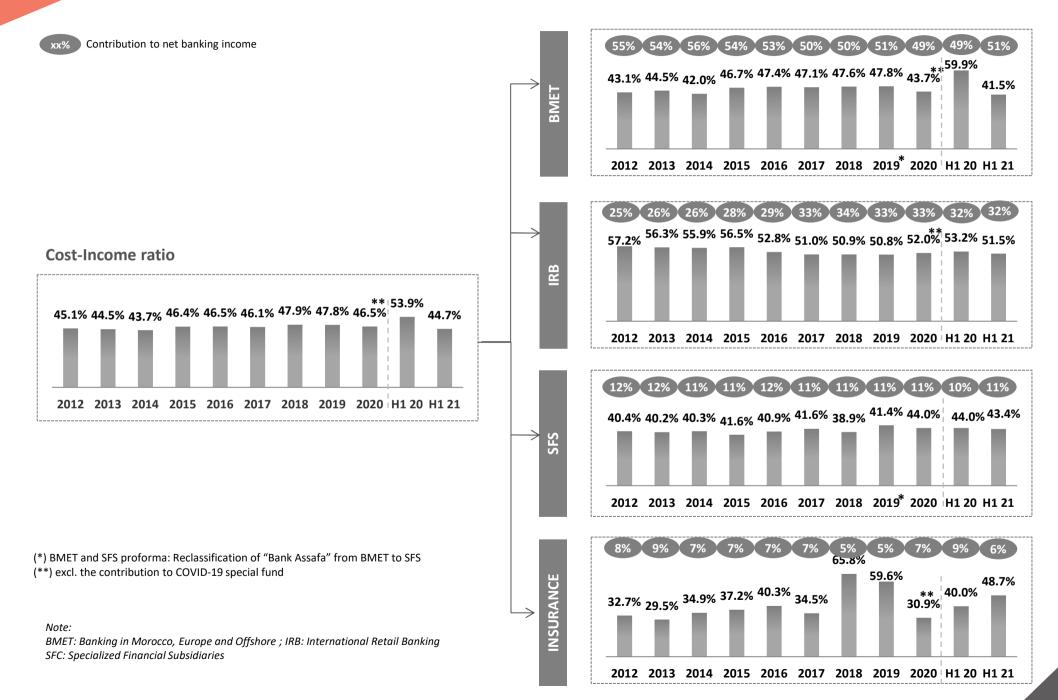
#### Note:

BMET: Banking in Morocco, Europe and Offshore ; IRB: International Retail Banking SFC: Specialized Financial Subsidiaries

2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019<sup>\*</sup> 2020<sup>'</sup> H1 20 H1 21

51%

Cost-Income ratio by business line between 2012 and H1 2021



Key measures taken by the Moroccan government and Central Bank to manage the global Covid-19 pandemic and its socio-economic impacts

#### **Executive Summary**

- An early declaration of a state of health emergency and 3 months lockdown period in order to mitigate the pandemic health impacts
- Several economic measures deployed by the government to support Moroccan companies through injection of MAD 120bn into the economy (~11% of GDP) including MAD 75bn (~8% 2019 loans) new government backed loans
- Various social measures deployed by the government in order to help and support
   ~5.5m Moroccan vulnerable households
  - Significant support from Bank Al Maghrib easing its monetary policy and supporting the banking sector liquidity

### Implementation of a recovery plan

#### Injection of MAD 120bn into the economy (~11% of GDP)

Loans guaranteed by the government

- MAD 75bn targeting a wide range of economic sectors and business segments
- For all business segments including the business most affected by the crisis:
  - *"DAMANE OXYGENE"* to help VSMEs to finance their expenses during the lockdown period
  - "DAMANE RELANCE" to support compagnies restarting their business after the lockdown: "DAMANE RELANCE VSE",
     "DAMANE RELANCE SME" and "DAMANE RELANCE HÔTELIER"

New strategic investment fund

- MAD 45bn (MAD 30bn from national and international institutions and MAD 15bn financed by the government - 2020 Finance Law) in order to:
  - Finance investments projects through public-private partnerships
  - Reinforce strategic compagnies' equity

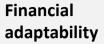
## Prevention and business continuity plan

# The Group has implemented a series of measures for its COVID-19 prevention plan to ensure business continuity, to reduce the risk of spreading, and to control the risks and impact on its P&L and balance sheet

Health safety and protectir of employees and customers	-	<ul> <li>Implementation of a rigorous, strict health protocol to limit the transmission/spreading of the virus: restricted access between the various sites for employees and external suppliers, limited access to branches, and measures introduced to ensure social distancing, gel distribution, face masks, etc.</li> <li>Introduction of a specific procedure for hygiene and cleaning</li> <li>Optimized management of employees and work spaces at central and network sites (on-site physical presence, remote working, team rotation, paid leave)</li> <li>Suspension of meetings, events and travel, with video conferences encouraged (as from February 24, before the first cases are recorded in countries of operations)</li> <li>Establishment of a protocol for free medical and social services: availability of PCR tests for all employees, with regularly scheduled targeted testing; free treatment of suspect cases (positive or contact); psychological support for employees; remote working for all fragile employees; special COVID loan for employees whose household has been affected by lower revenues; regular, proactive internal communication, etc.</li> </ul>	Up to 70% of employees of various headquarters working remotely 27K PCR tests administered On average 2 tests per employee in the hardest-hit countries (e.g., Morocco)
Implementation of BCP	•	Identification, duplication and distribution of BCP teams at various sites Identification of critical duties/employees, separation of teams and activation of backup sites Identification of backup teams working remotely but able to intervene if needed Faster availability of infrastructures and appropriate technological solutions (IT solutions, VPN, vid conferences, etc.) and encouragement to use distance channels and remote working Implementation of supervisory and safety procedures adapted to the new work organization Introduction of an interaction policy for "sensitive" suppliers in terms of business continuity Preparation of logistics and safety procedures in the event of tighter lockdown conditions or extrem	<b>~100%</b> of services maintained in all countries of operations
		scenarios	

## Prevention and business continuity plan

# The Group has implemented a series of measures for its COVID-19 prevention plan to ensure business continuity, to reduce the risk of spreading, and to control the risks and impact on its P&L and balance sheet



- A liquidity crisis management unit was set up after the outbreak of the crisis, with voluntary actions plans implemented to strengthen liquidity buffers in local and foreign currencies
- Implementation of a capital reinforcement plan and use of levers to soften the impact of lower 2020 results on solvency ratios
- Review of risk appetite framework favoring customer activities over own-account activities, thereby protecting the P&L against financial market volatility
- Faster implementation of three-year optimization plan for expenses and investments

Dialogue with governments and regulatory authorities Active member and driving force for proposals on Morocco's Economic Monitoring Committee

Ongoing **dialogue** with **representative institutions** from the private sector (industry associations and federations representing companies, chambers of commerce and industry, etc.), **unions**, the **media** and various **ministerial departments** in the countries of operations

- Ongoing interaction with **central banks**
- Driving force for proposals concerning regulatory and legal changes (e.g., electronic signature bill in Morocco for faster digital development)

+100 bps de Tier1 in

+50 points liquidity

ratio in 2020

2020

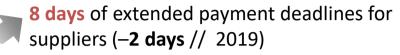
# Supporting and helping our customers and communities in all countries of operations

Attijariwafa bank has introduced a series of measures to help customers and "communities" in various segments and geographic areas of operations to meet the COVID 19 challenges and its unprecedented socioeconomic effects

Supporting our customers and communities in all countries

of operations

- Introduction of "fast track" procedure for Covid 19 purchases and an electronic payment system for suppliers
- Implementation of nonfinancial aid to help customers and project initiators during this unprecedented period, especially:
  - Launch of **DigiDam**, a DAM internet platform (training, consulting, B2B, etc.)
  - Regular dialogue with sector federations and professional associations
  - Implementation of quality opinion polls and surveys to understand the impact of the crisis on customers and their needs
  - Organization of a series of thematic digital conferences and webinars relating to various effects of the COVID 19 health crisis with regard to health, economic, psychologic, social and societal aspects



10,000 VSE founded, 2,000 remote meetings held and 42 B2B sectors
 15 meetings with sector federations

**5** quality surveys



# Key measures taken by the Bank Al Maghrib (BAM) and impacts on AWB

#### **Monetary policy**

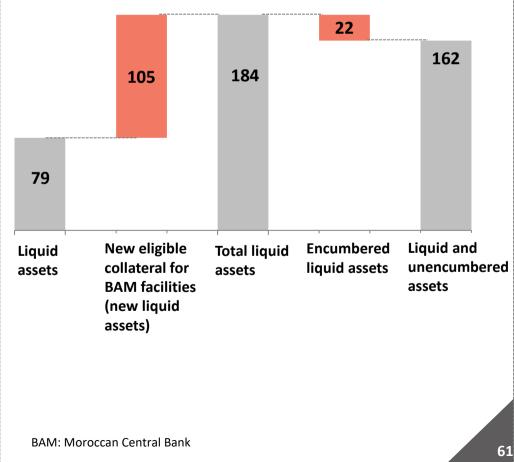
- 2 successive cuts in key interest rate to 1.50% (25bps in March and 50 bps in June 2020)
- Mandatory cash reserve at 0% of deposits vs. 2% before

#### Liquidity

#### Main measures implemented by BAM

- New FCY facility instruments put in place by BAM
  - Foreign currencies funding, guaranteed by an eligible collateral denominated in foreign currency or in dirhams
  - Foreign currency swaps against dirham
- Extension of assets accepted as collateral with BAM to include:
  - Debt securities, denominated in dirhams or in foreign currencies, issued by companies and public establishments
  - Debt securities issued by collective investment funds in securitization
  - Bonds issued by finance companies
  - Loans with the Government guarantees
  - Loans on Public Enterprises and Establishments
  - Mortgage backed loans
  - Broadening of VSE (very small enterprises) refinancing program to capital working loans in addition to investment loans
- Authorization of banks, if necessary, to use, during the second quarter of 2020, the liquidity buffers constituted in the form of High Quality Liquid Assets **below the minimum LCR ratio**, noting that the widening of eligible collateral for operations with BAM is likely to allow banks to best preserve these buffers
- Promotion of the use of **mobile payments** and reduction of cash currency stock

#### Impacts on AWB liquid and free assets (HQLA) in MAD billion, December 31, 2020



**Business continuity and operational resilience** 

**5,548 branches, 100%** of the distribution network, remained open

~100% of services maintained in all geographies

Up to ~70% of employees of various headquarters working remotely

~30 k PCR test administrated

**Continued support for customers and communities** 



Financing of 68,700 VSMEs through disbursement of MAD 40 bn new loans in Morocco

**30-35% market share** for Damane loans (with government guarantee)

Financing of 6,500 young entrepreneurs

**215,000 customers** benefiting from loan moratoria at no additional cost (MAD 35 bn or 20% of investment, mortgage and consumer loans)

**1.2 million** vulnerable households receiving government aid payments through AWB ATMs and branches

## Loan moratoria as of 30 June 2020

